## Truncated Toeplitz operators: existence of bounded symbols

## A. Baranov

Truncated Toeplitz operators are compressions of usual Toeplitz operators to star-invariant (model) subspaces of  $H^2$  in the disc: if  $\Theta$  is an inner function and  $K_{\Theta} = H^2 \ominus \Theta H^2$ , then, for a function  $\phi$  in  $L^2$  on the circle, the truncated Toeplitz operator  $A_{\phi}$  is defined by the formula  $A_{\phi}f = P_{\Theta}(\phi f)$  for functions f in  $K_{\Theta}$  such that  $\phi f$  is square integrable. Here  $P_{\Theta}$  is the projection onto  $K_{\Theta}$ .

A systematic study of truncated Toeplitz operators was started recently by D. Sarason. In contrast to the classical Toeplitz operators, a truncated Toeplitz operator may be sometimes extended to a bounded operator on  $K_{\Theta}$ even for an unbounded symbol  $\phi$ . The question, posed by Sarason, is whether boundedness of the operator implies the existence of a bounded symbol. We show that in general the answer to this question is negative. Moreover, we give a description of those inner functions  $\Theta$  for which the answer is positive. In particular, we show that bounded symbols always exist in the case when  $\Theta$  is a so-called one-component inner function, that is, the sublevel set  $\{z : |\Theta(z)| < \varepsilon\}$  is connected for some  $\varepsilon \in (0, 1)$ .

The talk is based on joint works with I. Chalendar, E. Fricain, J. Mashreghi and D. Timotin, and with R. Bessonov and V. Kapustin.