

Approximation of Generalized Schur functions

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In [1] M.G. Krein and H. Langer investigated questions concerning the approximation of Nevanlinna functions. Our purpose is to get such result for Schur functions.

Theorem 1 *Let $s(\lambda) = \lambda^k s_k(\lambda)$, $s_k(0) \neq 0$, $k \leq n$. Then we have assertions*

1. $s \in S_{\varkappa}$, where S_{\varkappa} – generalised Schur class;
2. for some integer $n > 0$ there exist $2n$ real numbers c_1, c_2, \dots, c_{2n} such that

$$s(\lambda) = 1 - \sum_{\nu=1}^{2n} c_{\nu}(\lambda - 1)^{\nu} + O((\lambda - 1)^{2n+1}), \quad \lambda \rightarrow 1, \quad \lambda \in \Lambda_{\theta} \quad (1)$$

if and only if when exist a Pontryagin space Π_{\varkappa} , a contraction operator T in Π_{\varkappa} and the generative element $u \in \text{dom}(I - T)^{-(n+1)}$ for operator T such that:

$$s(\lambda) = \lambda^k - \frac{1}{s_k(0)} \lambda^k (\lambda - 1) [(I - \lambda T)^{-1} (I - T)^{-1} T^{k+1} u, T^k u], \quad \lambda \in \mathbb{D}, \quad \frac{1}{\lambda} \notin \sigma_p(T) \quad (2)$$

In this case:

$$c_{\nu} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{s_k(0)} \sum_{i=1}^{\nu} C_{k-i}^{\nu-i} [(I - T)^{-(i+1)} T^{k+1} u, T^k u] - C_k^{\nu}, & 1 \leq \nu < k+1; \\ \frac{1}{s_k(0)} [(I - T)^{-(\nu+1)} T^{\nu} u, T^k u], & k+1 \leq \nu \leq n; \\ \frac{1}{s_k(0)} [(I - T)^{-(n+1)} T^n u, (I - T^c)^{-(\nu-n)} T^{c(\nu-n)} T^k u], & n+1 \leq \nu \leq 2n; \end{cases}$$

References

- [1] Krein M. G., H. Langer, "Über einige Fortsetzungsprobleme, die eng mit der Theorie hermitescher Operatoren im Raume Π_κ zusammenhängen. I. Einige Funktionenklassen und ihre Darstellungen", *Math. Nachr.* 77 (1977), 187-236.