

Assignment 8

„Wahrscheinlichkeitstheorie 2 - Stochastic processes 1“

total points: 20 Points

Problem 1

5 Points

Let X, Y, Z be independent random variables that are standard normally distributed. Show that then

$$\frac{X + YZ}{\sqrt{1 + Z^2}}$$

is standard normally distributed. Use conditional expectation and the characteristic function.

Problem 2

5 Points

Let (X, Y) be an integrable random variable in \mathbb{R}^2 with continuous density $f(\cdot, \cdot)$. Show that

$$\mathbb{E}[X | Y] = \frac{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f(x, Y) dx}{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x, Y) dx} \quad \text{almost surely.}$$

Now assume (X, Y) to be normally distributed with zero mean and covariance $\Sigma^2 = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma^2 & \sigma^2 \rho \\ \sigma^2 \rho & \sigma^2 \end{pmatrix}$ with $\sigma^2 > 0$ and $\rho \in [-1, 1]$. Determine $\mathbb{E}[X | Y]$.

Problem 3

5 Points

Let (X, Y) be uniformly distributed on $B = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 | x^2 + y^2 \leq 1\}$.

- (i) Determine the distribution of Y given $X = x$.
- (ii) Determine the distribution of $\arctan(Y/X)$ given $\sqrt{X^2 + Y^2} = r$.

Problem 4

5 Points

Let $\Gamma = (\gamma_{i,j})_{i,j \in \mathbb{N}}$ be an infinite symmetric matrix. Each upper left corner $\Gamma^{(n)} = (\gamma_{i,j})_{i,j \leq n}$ is positive definit.

- (i) Show that there is a stochastic process $\mathbb{X} = (X_k)_{k \in \mathbb{N}}$ such that (X_1, \dots, X_n) is distributed normally with zero mean and covariance $\Gamma^{(n)}$.
- (ii) Show that \mathbb{X} is stationary iff there exists a function $\phi : \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ with $\gamma_{ij} = \phi(|i - j|)$ for all $i, j \in \mathbb{N}$.

Reminder: Hand in your solution in groups of two students.