

## Improved Bounds for Single-Nomination Impartial Selection

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We give new bounds for the single-nomination model of impartial selection, a problem proposed by Holzman and Moulin (Econometrica, 2013). A selection mechanism, which may be randomized, selects one individual from a group of n based on nominations among members of the group; a mechanism is impartial if the selection of an individual is independent of nominations cast by that individual, and  $\alpha$ -optimal if under any circumstance the expected number of nominations received by the selected individual is at least  $\alpha$  times that received by any individual. In a many-nominations model, where individuals may cast an arbitrary number of nominations, the so-called permutation mechanism is 1/2-optimal, and this is best possible. In the single-nomination model, where each individual casts exactly one nomination, the permutation mechanism does better and prior to this work was known to be 67/108-optimal but no better than 2/3-optimal. We show that it is in fact 2/3-optimal for all n. This result is obtained via tight bounds on the performance of the mechanism for graphs with maximum degree  $\Delta$ , for any  $\Delta$ , which we prove using an adversarial argument. We then show that the permutation mechanism is not best possible; indeed, by combining the permutation mechanism, another mechanism called plurality with runner-up, and some new ideas, 2105/3147-optimality can be achieved for all n. We finally give new upper bounds on  $\alpha$  for any  $\alpha$ -optimal impartial mechanism. They improve on the existing upper bounds for all  $n \ge 7$  and imply that no impartial mechanism can be better than 76/105-optimal for all n; they do not preclude the existence of a  $(3/4 - \varepsilon)$ -optimal impartial mechanism for arbitrary  $\varepsilon > 0$  if *n* is large.

A full version of this paper can be found at https://arxiv.org/abs/2305.09998.

CCS Concepts: • Theory of computation  $\rightarrow$  Algorithmic mechanism design; • Mathematics of computing  $\rightarrow$  Approximation algorithms.

Additional Key Words and Phrases: voting, impartial selection, multiplicative approximation

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