

## COMPLEX ANALYSIS - EXERCISE SHEET 11

- COMPACT CONVERGENCE, RIEMANN MAPPING THEOREM -

due 4-5.07.2012

### TUTORIAL

#### Exercise 1

Let  $G \subset \mathbb{C}$  be a region and  $(f_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$  a sequence of holomorphic functions. Let further  $F_n$  be an anti-derivative of  $f_n$ . Show that the sequence of anti-derivatives  $(F_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$  converges compactly in  $G$  if and only if the sequence  $(f_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$  converges compactly and there is a point  $c \in G$  such that  $(F_n(c))_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$  converges.

#### Exercise 2

Let  $0 \leq \alpha < \beta \leq 2\pi$  and define  $S_{\alpha, \beta} := \{re^{i\varphi} \mid 0 < r, \alpha < \varphi < \beta\}$ . Find a biholomorphic map between any two  $S_{\alpha, \beta}$ . Denote further by  $C^\#$  the interior of the intersection of a circle  $C$  and a half plane, such that  $C^\# \neq \emptyset$  and  $C^\# \neq C$ . Find a biholomorphic map between  $C^\#$  and  $S_{\alpha, \beta}$ .

#### Exercise 3

From Liouville's theorem follows that the complex plane and the unit disk  $\mathbb{D}$  are not biholomorphic equivalent. Is there any other region than the plane itself it is biholomorphic equivalent to? Are there other regions than the complex plane which are not biholomorphic equivalent to a region in  $\mathbb{D}$ ?

## HOMWORK

### Exercise 1

6 points

Let  $G$  be a bounded region and  $f: G \rightarrow G$  a holomorphic mapping. Let  $z_0$  be a fixed point of  $f$  where  $|f'(z_0)| < 1$ . Consider

$$f_n := \underbrace{f \circ \cdots \circ f}_{n\text{-times}}$$

the  $n$ -th iteration of  $f$ . Show that  $f_n$  converges compactly to  $f(z) = z_0$ .

### Exercise 2

8 points

Let  $\mathbb{D} := \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid |z| < 1\}$  and  $Q := \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid \operatorname{Re} z > 0, \operatorname{Im} z > 0\}$  denote the unit disk and the first quadrant, resp. Find a biholomorphic mapping between

1.  $\mathbb{D}$  and  $\mathbb{C} \setminus \{x \geq 0\}$ ,
2.  $Q$  and  $\mathbb{D}$ ,
3.  $Q$  and  $\mathbb{D} \cap \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid \operatorname{Im} z > 0\}$ ,
4.  $Q$  and  $\mathbb{D} \cap Q$ .

### Exercise 3

6 points

Are  $\mathbb{C} \setminus \{[-1, 1]\}$  and  $\mathbb{D} \setminus \{0\}$  biholomorphic equivalent?