



## COMPLEX ANALYSIS I

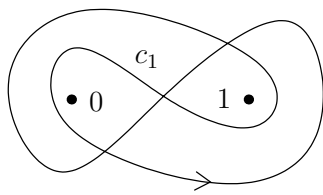
<http://www3.math.tu-berlin.de/geometrie/Lehre/SS17/ComplexAnalysis/>

### EXERCISE SHEET 13

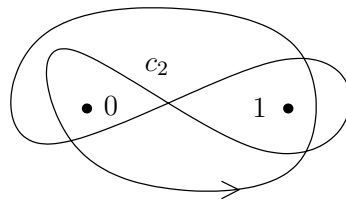
Bonus Sheet – not due.

#### Exercise 46: Winding numbers.

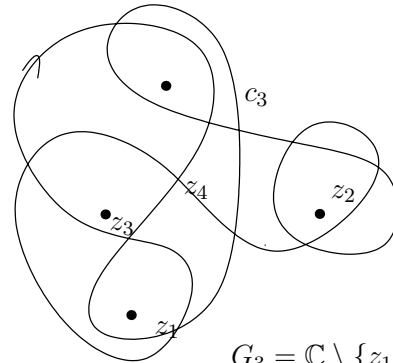
(4 pts)



$$G_1 = \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0, 1\}$$



$$G_2 = \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0, 1\}$$



$$G_3 = \mathbb{C} \setminus \{z_1, z_2, z_3, z_4\}$$

Determine the winding number of the curves  $c_i$  around each point in the complement of  $G_i$ .

#### Exercise 47: Residues.

(4 pts)

1. Compute  $\text{res}\left(\frac{\tan z}{z^2}, 0\right)$ .
2. Compute  $\text{res}\left(e^{z+\frac{1}{z}}, 0\right)$ .
3. For  $f(z) = \frac{\cot(\pi z)}{z-1}$ , compute  $\text{res}(f, 0)$  and  $\text{res}(f, 1)$ .
4. For  $w \in \mathbb{C} \setminus \mathbb{Z}$  and  $f(z) = \frac{\cot(\pi z)}{(z-w)^2}$  show that

$$\text{res}(f, w) = -\frac{\pi}{\sin^2(\pi w)}.$$

#### Exercise 48: Residue theorem.

(4 pts)

Verify the following integral for  $0 < p < 1$ :

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{1 - 2p \cos \theta + p^2} = \frac{2\pi}{1 - p^2}.$$

Hint: Show that  $\int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{1 - 2p \cos \theta + p^2} = \int_{|z|=1} \frac{idz}{(z-p)(pz-1)}$ .

#### Exercise 49: Integrals.

(4 pts)

Let  $a > 0$ . Compute the following integrals using the residue theorem or related results.

1.  $\int_0^\infty \frac{x^2}{x^4 + 6x^2 + 5} dx$
2.  $\int_{-\infty}^\infty \frac{x \sin x}{x^2 + a^2} dx$