

Complex Analysis II: Riemann Surfaces

Exercise Sheet 7

(Differential forms, parallel transport, curvature)

due 13.12.2019

Exercise 1

2 points

Let $M = \mathbb{R}^3$. Determine which of the following forms are closed and which are exact:

- (a) $\omega = yz dx + xz dy + xy dz$,
- (b) $\omega = x dx + x^2 y^2 dy + yz dz$,
- (c) $\omega = 2xy^2 dx \wedge dy + z dy \wedge dz$.

If ω is exact, please write down the potential form θ explicitly.

Exercise 2

2 points

Let (E, ∇) be a smooth vector bundle with connection over a manifold M , let $\gamma: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow M$ be a smooth curve and let $P_t: E_{\gamma(0)} \rightarrow E_{\gamma(t)}$ denote the parallel transport along its restriction $\gamma|_{[0,t]}$. Show that P_t is a linear isomorphism and that

$$(\gamma^* \nabla) \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \Big|_{t=0} X = \frac{d}{dt} \Big|_{t=0} P_t^{-1}(X(t)),$$

for all $X \in \Gamma(\gamma^* E)$. Furthermore show that, if $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$ is a parallel fiber metric on E ($\nabla \langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle = 0$), then P_t is an isometry.

Exercise 3

2 points

Let $M \subset \mathbb{R}^2$ be open. On $E = M \times \mathbb{R}^2$ we define two connections ∇ and $\tilde{\nabla}$ as follows:

$$\nabla = d + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -x dy \\ x dy & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \tilde{\nabla} = d + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -x dx \\ x dx & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Show that (E, ∇) is not trivial. Further construct an explicit isomorphism between $(E, \tilde{\nabla})$ and the trivial bundle (E, d) .