

Exercise Sheet 2

Exercise 1: Three parallel lines.

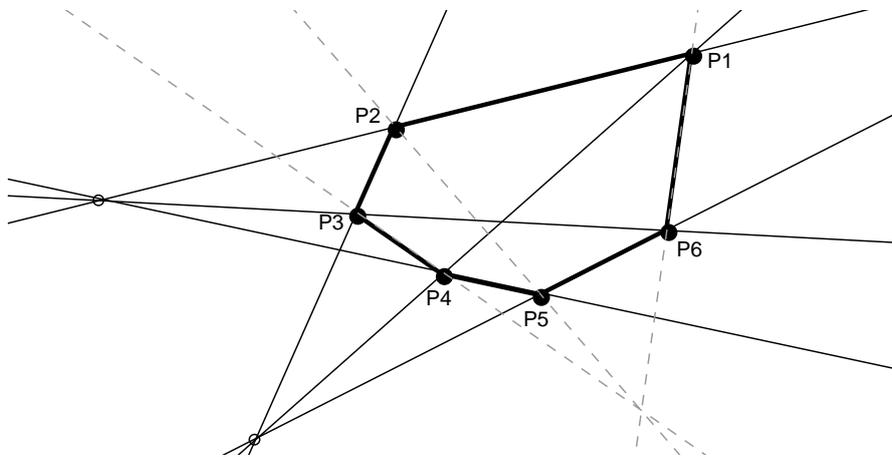
(2 pts)

Let A, B, A', B' be four points in the plane such that the lines (AA') and (BB') are parallel. Let $\tilde{C} := (AB) \cap (A'B')$ and \tilde{A}, \tilde{B} be two points on a line through \tilde{C} . Let $C := (\tilde{A}B) \cap (A\tilde{B})$, $C' := (\tilde{A}B') \cap (A'\tilde{B})$. Show that the line (CC') is parallel to (AA') .

Exercise 2: An incidence theorem.

(2 pts)

Let $P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4, P_5, P_6$ be distinct points in the projective plane \mathbb{RP}^2 . Suppose that the three lines P_1P_2, P_4P_5, P_3P_6 , as well as the three lines P_2P_3, P_5P_6, P_4P_1 intersect in one point. Show that the lines P_3P_4, P_6P_1, P_5P_2 also intersect in one point.



Exercise 3: Affine transformations.

(2 pts)

Let $f : \mathbb{RP}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{RP}^2$ be a projective map that sends the line at infinity $\{[x_0, x_1, x_2] \in \mathbb{RP}^2 \mid x_0 = 0\}$ to the line at infinity. Show that in affine coordinates $y_i = \frac{x_i}{x_0}$ a point $y = \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix}$ is mapped to $Ay + b$ for some $A \in GL(2, \mathbb{R})$, $b \in \mathbb{R}^2$.



Exercise 4: Three-dimensional version of Desargues. (2 pts)

Consider two tetrahedra in \mathbb{RP}^3 with vertices P_1, P_2, P_3, P_4 and Q_1, Q_2, Q_3, Q_4 , respectively, that are in perspective with respect to a point S (i.e. the lines (P_iQ_i) , $i = 1, \dots, 4$ all go through the point S). Show that the lines of intersection $l_i := (P_jP_kP_l) \cap (Q_jQ_kQ_l)$ ($i, j, k, l = 1, \dots, 4$ distinct) of corresponding faces of the tetrahedra lie in a plane. State a suitable assumption of genericity for the vertices of the tetrahedra.

