## The structure of relations in linear spaces

## H. Winkler

## joint work with A. Sandovici and H. de Snoo

It will be shown that linear relations in finite-dimensional spaces can be classified in three classes:

- 1. multishifts, i.e., injective operators without eigenvalues;
- 2. Jordan relations, i.e., relations with a finite number of eigenvalues (including possibly  $\infty$ ), which are made up of the corresponding Jordan chains;
- 3. completely singular relations, i.e., multivalued relations which are made up of so-called singular chains; their eigenvalues fill up the set of complex numbers including  $\infty$ .

Any linear relation can be decomposed into a direct sum consisting of the above objects.